- (ii) If an agency invited to send a representative to a meeting does not do so, the public agency shall take other steps to obtain participation of the other agency in the planning of any transition services.
- (c) Determination of knowledge and special expertise. The determination of the knowledge or special expertise of any individual described in paragraph (a) (6) of this section shall be made by the party (parents or public agency) who invited the individual to be a member of the IEP.
- (d) Designating a public agency representative. A public agency may designate another public agency member of the IEP team to also serve as the agency representative, if the criteria in paragraph (a)(4) of this section are satisfied.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1401(30), 1414(d)(1)(A)(7), (B))

§300.345 Parent participation.

- (a) Public agency responsibility—general. Each public agency shall take steps to ensure that one or both of the parents of a child with a disability are present at each IEP meeting or are afforded the opportunity to participate, including—
- (1) Notifying parents of the meeting early enough to ensure that they will have an opportunity to attend; and
- (2) Scheduling the meeting at a mutually agreed on time and place.
- (b) *Information provided to parents.* (1) The notice required under paragraph (a)(1) of this section must—
- (i) Indicate the purpose, time, and location of the meeting and who will be in attendance; and
- (ii) Inform the parents of the provisions in §300.344(a)(6) and (c) (relating to the participation of other individuals on the IEP team who have knowledge or special expertise about the child).
- (2) For a student with a disability beginning at age 14, or younger, if appropriate, the notice must also—
- (i) Indicate that a purpose of the meeting will be the development of a statement of the transition services needs of the student required in §300.347(b)(1); and
- (ii) Indicate that the agency will invite the student.

- (3) For a student with a disability beginning at age 16, or younger, if appropriate, the notice must—
- (i) Indicate that a purpose of the meeting is the consideration of needed transition services for the student required in §300.347(b)(2);
- (ii) Indicate that the agency will invite the student; and
- (iii) Identify any other agency that will be invited to send a representative.
- (c) Other methods to ensure parent participation. If neither parent can attend, the public agency shall use other methods to ensure parent participation, including individual or conference telephone calls.
- (d) Conducting an IEP meeting without a parent in attendance. A meeting may be conducted without a parent in attendance if the public agency is unable to convince the parents that they should attend. In this case the public agency must have a record of its attempts to arrange a mutually agreed on time and place, such as—
- (1) Detailed records of telephone calls made or attempted and the results of those calls;
- (2) Copies of correspondence sent to the parents and any responses received; and
- (3) Detailed records of visits made to the parent's home or place of employment and the results of those visits.
- (e) Use of interpreters or other action, as appropriate. The public agency shall take whatever action is necessary to ensure that the parent understands the proceedings at the IEP meeting, including arranging for an interpreter for parents with deafness or whose native language is other than English.
- (f) Parent copy of child's IEP. The public agency shall give the parent a copy of the child's IEP at no cost to the parent.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(1)(B)(i))

§300.346 Development, review, and revision of IEP.

- (a) Development of IEP. (1) General. In developing each child's IEP, the IEP team, shall consider—
- (i) The strengths of the child and the concerns of the parents for enhancing the education of their child;
- (ii) The results of the initial or most recent evaluation of the child; and